Montachusett Regional Transit Authority (A Component Unit of Massachusetts Department of Transportation)

Financial Statements and Report on Federal Assistance Programs in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133 with Independent Auditors' Reports

June 30, 2014



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Advisory Board Montachusett Regional Transit Authority Fitchburg, Massachusetts

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Montachusett Regional Transit Authority (the "Authority," a component unit of Massachusetts Department of Transportation), which comprise the statement of net position at June 30, 2014, and the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the net position of the Authority as of June 30, 2014, and the changes in net position and cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 10 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented on page 32 for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The schedule of net cost of service on page 14 and the supplementary information presented on pages 28 through 31 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

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In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 21, 2014, on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

October 21, 2014

The following is the Management Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") of the financial statements of the Montachusett Regional Transit Authority ("the Authority"), located at 1427R Water Street, Fitchburg, Massachusetts as presented. This MD&A is prepared by the Administrator, Mohammed H. Khan. The management discussion and analysis of the Authority's financial performance provides an overall review of the Authority's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2014. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Authority's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Authority's financial performance.

Financial Highlights:

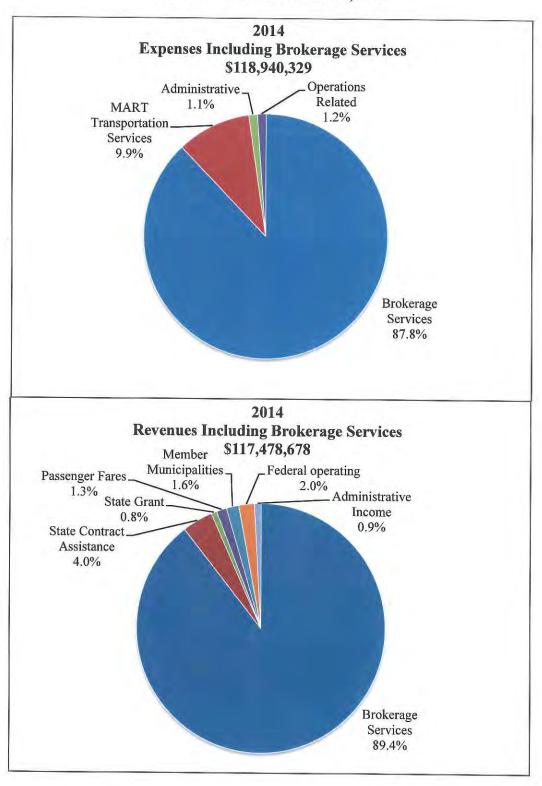
- The Authority's total capital assets increased by \$1,227,094 during FY2014. This increase is mainly due to the addition of vehicles to the fleet and computer systems development, as well as some construction and building improvements. Depreciation for the year was \$3,989,532.
- The Authority was able to obtain a favorable interest rate for borrowing on its Revenue Anticipation Note of .42% in August 2014, compared to .58% for the prior year note.
- The amount of Authority's Federal 5307 funds used for operations was \$2,134,000 in FY2014. These funds were allocated directly from the Formula funds and used toward urban area operations.
- Through a contract with the Commonwealth of Massachusetts' Executive Office of Health and Human Services (EOHHS), as well as agreements with local Special Education departments, the Authority increased its brokerage services revenue from \$93,674,806 in FY2013 to \$105,042,688 in FY2014, a 12.1% increase.
- The Authority was able to maintain its basic services at prior year levels.

Overview of Financial Statements:

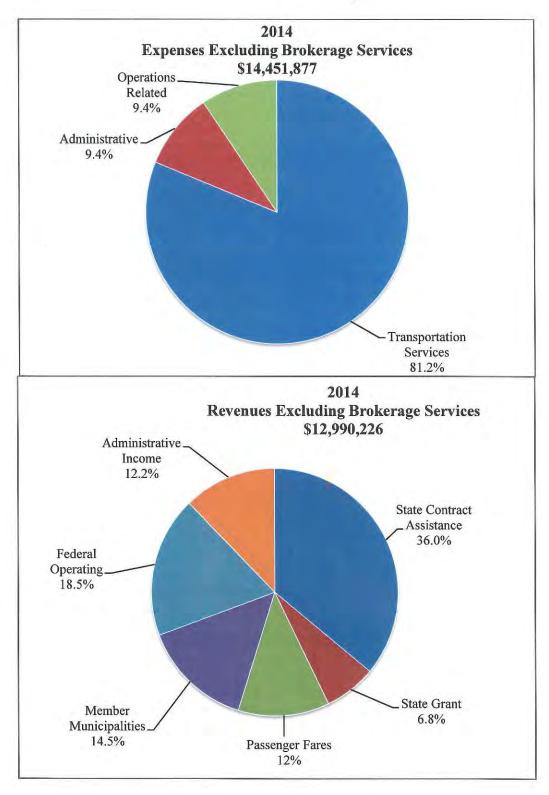
The Authority was established on August 7, 1978, by the cities of Fitchburg, Leominster and Gardner, pursuant to Section 3 of Chapter 161B of the General Laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts to provide transit services to the communities of Fitchburg, Leominster and Gardner beginning July 30, 1979. Currently, the Authority is comprised of 22 communities listed in Note A of the financial statements.

The financial statements are general purpose and the notes thereto are considered as an integral part. This report also includes supplementary information including breakdowns of revenues and expenses by service types and an allocation of costs to member communities.

As seen in the following charts a large percentage of service the Authority provides is through its brokerage services, a self (fully) funded program which requires no funds outside of the program funds paid by the Human Services Transportation Agency (HST) with the understanding that HST continues with its cost savings incentive programs and brokerage management fees.



These charts reflect the net cost of service as presented on page 14. Although it is possible that the Commonwealth will reimburse the Authority for the FY2014 unreimbursed deficit, such reimbursement has not been recorded in the financial statements.



These charts reflect the net cost of service as presented on page 14. Although it is possible that the Commonwealth will reimburse the Authority for the FY2014 unreimbursed deficit, such reimbursement has not been recorded in the financial statements.

Government Financial Analysis

The table below provides a summary of the Authority's net position for 2014 and 2013.

| | 2014 Business- type Activities | 2013 Business- type Activities |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Assets | | |
| Current and other assets | \$29,422,088 | \$ 29,727,146 |
| Capital assets | 52,016,266 | 50,789,172 |
| Total assets | 81,438,354 | 80,516,318 |
| <u>Liabilities</u> | | |
| Long-term liabilities | 583,335 | 636,668 |
| Other liabilities | 38,924,300 | 37,399,170 |
| Total liabilities | 39,507,635 | 38,035,838 |
| Net Position | | |
| Invested in capital assets, | | |
| Net of related debt | 51,379,598 | 50,099,171 |
| Unrestricted (deficit) | (9,448,879) | (7,618,691) |
| Total net position | \$41,930,719 | \$ 42,480,480 |

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2014, the Authority's assets exceeded liabilities by \$41,930,719.

Capital assets reported on the government-wide statements represent the largest portion of the Authority's net assets. As of June 30, 2014, capital assets represented 64% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, equipment, vehicles and infrastructure. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2014, were \$51,379,598. Although the Authority's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Change in Net Position:

The table below shows the change in net position for fiscal years 2014 and 2013.

| | 2014 | 2013 | Change |
|--|----------------|---------------|---------------|
| Operating Revenues | | | Onungo |
| Transportation Revenue-Self Funded | \$ 105,042,688 | \$ 93,674,806 | \$ 11,367,882 |
| Transportation Revenue-Urban/Rural Service | 1,556,978 | 1,434,088 | 122,890 |
| Total Operating Revenues | 106,599,666 | 95,108,894 | 11,490,772 |
| Non-Operating Revenues | | | |
| Federal Operating | 2,398,149 | 2,584,050 | (185,901) |
| Commonwealth of Masschusetts operating | 5,565,460 | 4,394,935 | 1,170,525 |
| Member Municipalities | 1,884,707 | 1,789,211 | 95,496 |
| Interest Income | 9,328 | 4,182 | 5,146 |
| Other Income, net | 1,021,367 | 1,249,324 | (227,957) |
| Total Non-Operating Revenues | 10,879,011 | 10,021,702 | 857,309 |
| Total Revenues | 117,478,677 | 105,130,596 | 12,348,081 |
| Operating expenses | | | |
| Transportation Expense-Self Funded | 98,719,101 | 87,915,383 | 10,803,718 |
| Transportation Expense-Urban/Rural Service | 11,732,330 | 10,624,167 | 1,108,163 |
| Administrative | 8,267,974 | 7,905,103 | 362,871 |
| Depreciation and Amortization | 3,989,532 | 3,569,372 | 420,160 |
| Total Operating Expenses | 122,708,937 | 110,014,025 | 12,694,912 |
| Non-Operating Expenses | | | |
| Interest Expense | 167,591 | 220,921 | (53,330) |
| | 167,591 | 220,921 | (53,330) |
| Total Expenses | 122,876,528 | 110,234,946 | 12,641,582 |
| Loss Before Capital Grants | (5,397,851) | (5,104,350) | (293,501) |
| Capital Grants | 4,848,090 | 9,180,956 | (4,332,866) |
| Change in Net Position | (549,761) | 4,076,606 | (4,626,367) |
| Net Position - Beginning of Year | 42,480,480 | 37,620,473 | 4,860,007 |
| Prior Period Adjustment | 2 | 783,401 | (783,401) |
| Net Position - End of Year | \$ 41,930,719 | \$ 42,480,480 | \$ (549,761) |

Capital Assets:

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

| | | Beginning Balances | | Additions | | Disposals / Adjustments | | Ending Balances |
|--|------|-----------------------|-----|-------------|-----|-------------------------|----|--------------------|
| Land and Land Improvements | _\$ | 4,776,268 | _\$ | 2,717 | _\$ | 45-30 | \$ | 4,778,985 |
| Depreciable Properties: | | | | | | | | |
| Building/Improvements Fitchburg Parking | | 11,717,012 | | 171,418 | | - | | 11,888,430 |
| Building/Improvements Fitchburg Intermodal | | 3,778,238 | | 2,207 | | (4,708) | | 3,775,737 |
| Building/Improvements Leominster Parking Lot | | 3,501,277 | | | | | | 3,501,277 |
| Building/Improvements Leominster Storage | | 6,462,081 | | 79,712 | | * | | 6,541,793 |
| Building/Improvements Fitchburg Maintenance | | 9,631,314 | | 5,730 | | (23,778) | | 9,613,266 |
| Building/Improvements Gardner Maintenance | | 7,362,116 | | 7,873 | | | | 7,369,989 |
| Improvements Fitchburg Rail | | 972,146 | | 1,958 | | à. | | 974,104 |
| Improvements Wachusett Rail | | 944,165 | | 1,680 | | 4 | | 945,845 |
| Other Fixed Assets | | 2,793,947 | | 261,847 | | (52,342) | | 3,003,452 |
| Systems Development | | 0-0 | | 333,846 | | 4 | | 333,846 |
| Transportation Equipment | | 19,261,740 | | 2,301,685 | | (2,365,219) | | 19,198,206 |
| | | 66,424,036 | - | 3,167,956 | _ | (2,446,047) | _ | 67,145,945 |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation For: | | | | | | | | |
| Building/Improvements Fitchburg Parking | | (2,380,275) | | (814,599) | | (4) | | (3,194,874) |
| Building/Improvements Fitchburg Intermodal | | (2,008,448) | | (261,732) | | 4,708 | | (2,265,472) |
| Building/Improvements Leominster Parking Lot | | (2,049,544) | | (8,940) | | | | (2,058,484) |
| Building/Improvements Leominster Storage | | (1,070,936) | | (108,398) | | | | (1,179,334) |
| Building/Improvements Fitchburg Maintenance | | (6,005,917) | | (320,405) | | 20,476 | | (6,305,846) |
| Building/Improvements Gardner Maintenance | | (1,013,493) | | (351,013) | | | | (1,364,506) |
| Improvements Fitchburg Rail | | - | | - | | 7 | | |
| Improvements Wachusett Rail | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Other Fixed Assets | | (1,598,238) | | (218,056) | | 52,082 | | (1,764,212) |
| Transportation Equipment | | (10,725,767) | | (1,906,389) | | 2,362,686 | | (10,269,470) |
| | - | (26,852,618) | - | (3,989,532) | _ | 2,439,952 | _ | (28,402,198) |
| Net Depreciable Property: | | 39,571,418 | | (821,576) | | (6,095) | | 38,743,747 |
| Construction In Progress | | 6,441,486 | | 1,929,963 | | 4 | | 8,371,449 |
| Fixed Assets in Process | - | | _ | 122,085 | | <u> </u> | _ | 122,085 |
| Net Capital Assets: | _\$_ | 50,789,172 | \$ | 1,233,189 | | (6,095) | \$ | 52,016,266 |

In 2014 MART replaced all the exterior lighting at our Intermodal Center complex with energy efficient LED lamping appliances. This will help reduce expensive electricity consumption at this facility. MART's contracted engineers designed a second Solar PV array to be installed on MART's Gardner Maintenance facility in October/November 2014. Procurements for additional energy conservation measures were issued in FY2014 with construction to begin in late 2014. These projects were/will be accomplished through funding awarded by FTA's TIGGER II program.

Two 35' Hybrid Diesel buses from New Flyer were bought with a Clean Fuels grant and were delivered at the beginning of FY2014 in August/September 2013. These funds were matched with MassDOT RTA Capital funds. MART also procured five para-transit vans through a 5339 sub-recipient award from MassDOT.

Construction of the new, multi-level parking facility at the North Leominster Commuter Rail Station was substantially completed during FY2014. The facility was approved for partial occupancy and beneficial use by the Authority on May 19th, 2014, while the permanent certificate of occupancy was provided in September 2014.

The Authority has been working on the development and implementation of a new software application funded by the FTA's Veterans Transportation and Community Living Initiative (VTCLI), which is designed to provide veterans, and active military families, with increased access to transportation resources and greater mobility. A significant portion of the software application was launched in FY2014.

Financial Analysis:

- Transportation Services-The Brokerage program continues to expand while funding itself.
- The State Assistance funding increased by \$284,840. The Authority also received a one time state subsidy of \$885,685 to provide services to Athol. Local assessment has increased by \$44,730 in accordance with Proposition 2 ½, and an additional \$50,766 for the adding Athol council on aging services.
- Usage of Federal Operating Assistance slight decrease from FY2013 to FY2014.
- In addition, the Commonwealth completed forward funding of the RTA's through which the Authority received \$1.5 million of outstanding State Contract Assistance receivables and \$4.5 million in current year funds, a portion of which was used to retire a portion of the Revenue Anticipation Note.

Budgetary Highlights:

Difference between the budgeted amounts and the actual amounts are as follows:

- Overall revenues and expenditures were in line with the budget.
- Overall the Authority was able to meet its budget obligations.

Funding of the Authority:

• Expenses for all services less the brokerage program were \$14.5 million, and were funded by the following:

| | % of Expense | % of Funding |
|-----------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Authority generated revenue | 22% | 24% |
| Federal operating funds | 17% | 19% |
| Local contribution | 13% | 14% |
| Commonwealth assistance | 32% | 36% |
| State Grant | 6% | 7% |
| Deficit | 10% | |

Montachusett Regional Transit Authority

(A Component Unit of Massachusetts Department of Transportation) Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2014

Assets

| Assets | |
|--|---------------|
| Current Assets | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ 7,454,699 |
| Receivables for Operating Assistance | |
| U.S. Department of Transportation | 2,189,915 |
| Commonwealth of Massachusetts and Cities and Towns | |
| Constituting the Authority | 2,054,759 |
| Receivables for Capital Grants | |
| U.S. Department of Transportation | - |
| Commonwealth of Massachusetts and Cities and Towns | |
| Constituting the Authority | 306,485 |
| Accounts Receivable (Less Allowance for Doubtful Accounts of \$57,500) | 15,738,637 |
| Other Assets | 1,253,164 |
| Total Current Assets | 28,997,659 |
| Capital Assets | |
| Non Depreciable Capital Assets | 13,150,433 |
| Depreciable Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation | 38,865,833 |
| Net Capital Assets | 52,016,266 |
| Noncurrent Receivables for Operating Assistance | 424,429 |
| Total Assets | \$ 81,438,354 |
| Liabilities and Net Position | |
| Current Liabilities | |
| Accounts Payable | \$ 14,796,490 |
| Accrued Expenses | 467,657 |
| Deferred Revenue | 65,725 |
| Revenue Anticipation Notes Payable | 23,300,000 |
| Construction Escrow | 23,138 |
| Current Portion of Long Term Debt | 53,333 |
| Accrued Interest | 217,957 |
| Total Current Liabilities | 38,924,300 |
| Long Term Liabilities | |
| Long Term Debt net of current portion | 583,335 |
| Total Liabilities | 39,507,635 |
| Net Position | |
| Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt | 51,379,598 |
| Unrestricted (Deficit) | (9,448,879) |
| Total Net Position | 41,930,719 |
| Total Liabilities and Net Position | \$ 81,438,354 |
| | |

Montachusett Regional Transit Authority (A Component Unit of Massachusetts Department of Transportation) Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

| Operating Revenues | |
|---|----------------|
| Transportation Revenue - Brokerage | \$ 105,042,688 |
| Transportation Revenue-Urban/Rural Service | 1,556,978 |
| Total Operating Revenues | 106,599,666 |
| Operating expenses | |
| Transportation Expense - Brokerage | 98,719,101 |
| Transportation Expense-Urban/Rural Service | 11,732,330 |
| Administrative (Including Brokerage Administrative) | 8,267,974 |
| Depreciation and Amortization | 3,989,532 |
| Total Operating Expenses | 122,708,937 |
| Operating Loss | (16,109,271) |
| Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) | |
| Federal | 2,398,149 |
| Commonwealth of Massachusetts | 5,565,460 |
| Member Municipalities | 1,884,707 |
| Interest Expense | (167,591) |
| Interest Income | 9,328 |
| Other Income, Net | 1,021,367 |
| Total Non-Operating Revenues | 10,711,420 |
| Loss before Capital Grants | (5,397,851) |
| Capital Grants | 4,848,090 |
| Change in Net Position | (549,761) |
| Net Position - Beginning of the Year | 42,480,480 |
| Net Position - End of the Year | \$ 41,930,719 |

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Montachusett Regional Transit Authority (A Component Unit of Massachusetts Department of Transportation) Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

| For the Year Ended June 30, 2014 | | |
|---|----|---------------|
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Cash received from passenger fares and contract reimbursements | \$ | 108,254,726 |
| Cash paid to vendors | | (111,330,449) |
| Cash paid to employees for services | | (3,747,133) |
| Cash paid for other administrative costs | | (4,564,109) |
| | | |
| NET CASH USED FOR OPERATING ACTIVITIES | _ | (11,386,965) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM NON CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Proceeds from Revenue Anticipation Notes | | 23,300,000 |
| Principal Payments on Revenue Anticipation Notes | | (19,800,000) |
| Interest Payments on Revenue Anticipation Notes | | (176,461) |
| Interest Income | | 9,328 |
| Proceeds from Operating Grants | | 15,402,566 |
| Other Income | - | 1,027,460 |
| NET CASH PROVIDED BY NON CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES | 7 | 19,762,893 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Principal Payments on Notes Payable | | (53,333) |
| Interest Payments on Notes Payable | | (5,596) |
| Repayment of Note Payable | | (2,000,000) |
| Proceeds from Capital Grants | | 5,772,435 |
| Purchase of Capital Assets | | (5,199,583) |
| Supplementary on the property of the supplementary | - | (2,122,2002) |
| NET CASH USED FOR CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | (1,486,077) |
| NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | | 6,889,851 |
| BEGINNING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | | 564,848 |
| ENDING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | \$ | 7,454,699 |
| RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH USED FOR OPERATING ACTIVITIES: | | |
| Operating Loss | \$ | (16,109,271) |
| Depreciation and amortization | | 3,989,532 |
| Changes in Assets and Liabilities: | | |
| Decrease in Receivables | | 1,655,060 |
| Increase in Other Assets | | (938,720) |
| Increase in Payables | | 20,982 |
| Decrease in Accrued Expenses | _ | (4,548) |
| Net Cash Used for Operating Activities | \$ | (11,386,965) |
| | | |

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Montachusett Regional Transit Authority (A Component Unit of Massachusetts Department of Transportation) Schedule of Net Cost of Service

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

| | Urbanized Area Service | Rural Area Service | Brokerage Services | Total Area Service |
|--|---------------------------|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Operating Costs | TRICK DEL VICE | THE DELYICE | Del vices | Area Dervie |
| WWW. 14.1 | | | | Tarrista cut |
| RTA Administration Costs | \$ 2,425,239 | \$ 264,139 | \$ 5,631,927 | \$ 8,321,305 |
| (excluding depreciation) | | | | |
| Purchased Services | 5 505 514 | 151.111 | | B B C 4 C 8 |
| Fixed Route | 5,587,514 | 174,114 | | 5,761,628 |
| Demand Reponse | 4,675,634 | 1,295,068 | | 5,970,702 |
| Brokerage Services | | | 98,719,101 | 98,719,10 |
| Debt Service | 26,421 | 3,746 | 137,424 | 167,591 |
| Total Operating Costs | 12,714,808 | 1,737,067 | 104,488,452 | 118,940,327 |
| Federal Operating Assistance | | | | |
| FTA Operating & Administrative | 2,134,000 | 53,959 | 42 | 2,187,959 |
| Other Federal | 198,095 | 12,094 | Ju. | 210,189 |
| Total Federal Assistance | 2,332,095 | 66,053 | | 2,398,148 |
| | | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | | -,, |
| Revenues | | | | |
| Operating | 1,452,787 | 104,191 | | 1,556,978 |
| Brokerage Service Reimbursement | 4 | - | 105,042,688 | 105,042,688 |
| MBTA/Other Third Party Reimburseme | | | - | |
| Other Revenues | | | | |
| Advertising | 18,063 | 1,097 | | 19,160 |
| Interest Income | 1,221 | 645 | 7,462 | 9,328 |
| Miscellaneous | 888,484 | 113,722 | | 1,002,200 |
| Total Revenues | 2,360,555 | 219,655 | 105,050,150 | 107,630,360 |
| Net operating deficit (surplus) | 8,022,158 | 1,451,359 | (561,698) | 8,911,819 |
| Net Cost of Service | 8,022,158 | 1,451,359 | (561,698) | 8,911,819 |
| Net Cost of Service Funding | | | | |
| Local Assessments | 1,762,416 | 122,291 | 1 | 1,884,70 |
| State Contract Assistance | 4,369,670 | 1,195,791 | - 4 | 5,565,461 |
| Unreimbursed surplus (deficit) | \$(1,890,072) | \$ (133,277) | \$ 561,698 | \$ (1,461,65) |
| State Contract Assistance 1. Less: Partial payment made by EOTC | \$ 4,369,670 | \$ 1,195,791 | \$ - | \$ 5,565,46 |
| the control of the co | 1 260 670 | 1 105 701 | | |
| prior to June 30 | 4,369,670 | 1,195,791 | - | 5,565,461 |

See independent auditors' report.

Note A – The Authority and Operators

The Montachusett Regional Transit Authority ("the Authority") is a component unit of Massachusetts Department of Transportation which in turn is a component unit of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts ("the Commonwealth") and as such the Authority's financial information is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the Commonwealth.

The Authority was established on August 7, 1978, by the cities of Fitchburg, Leominster and Gardner pursuant to Section 3 of Chapter 161B of the General Laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts ("Enabling Legislation") to provide transit services to the communities of Fitchburg, Leominster, and Gardner beginning July 30, 1979.

The following 22 cities and towns comprise the membership of the Authority:

| | Date of |
|-------------|------------|
| Community | Membership |
| Fitchburg | 1978 |
| Leominster | 1978 |
| Gardner | 1978 |
| Ashburnham | 1980 |
| Ayer | 1981 |
| Lancaster | 1981 |
| Shirley | 1981 |
| Sterling | 1982 |
| Hubbardston | 1983 |
| Littleton | 1984 |
| Royalston | 1984 |
| Templeton | 1985 |
| Ashby | 1985 |
| Winchendon | 1985 |
| Westminster | 1986 |
| Hardwick | 1988 |
| Lunenburg | 1989 |
| Harvard | 2000 |
| Bolton | 2006 |
| Boxborough | 2006 |
| Stow | 2007 |
| Athol | 2013 |
| | |

The Authority is governed by an advisory board consisting of members from each municipality with each member having one vote plus additional votes allocated based on that municipality's assessment in proportion to the assessment of all member municipalities.

Note A – The Authority and Operators (Continued)

The operation of the Authority's fixed route transportation serving the general public is provided under the terms of an agreement whereby contracted private vendors operate mass transit service along such routes and according to such schedules as defined by the Authority. This service is supplemented by special Dial-A-Ride/Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) transportation using vans lift-equipped for wheelchairs as an alternative for the disabled who are unable to utilize fixed-route buses. The Authority's buses are lift-equipped for wheelchairs. The Authority agrees to reimburse the private vendors for costs and expenses which are reasonable and necessary for the efficient operation of the service.

In Fitchburg and Leominster this service is provided by Management of Transportation Services Inc. ("MTS"). The Authority paid a management fee of \$90,000 for the year ended June 30, 2014. MTS was selected through a competitive process in 2013 for a five year period with an annual renewal option.

In Gardner this service is provided by Management of Transportation Services of Gardner, Inc. ("MTG"). The Authority paid a management fee of \$41,000 for the year ended June 30, 2014. MTG was selected through a competitive process in 2013 for a five year period with an annual renewal option.

The operation of the Authority's Dial-A-MART local social service affiliated paratransit transportation is a non-fixed route service provided by Dial-A-MART Services, Inc. ("DAMS"), DAMS provides Dial-A-Ride transportation, veteran's shuttle, monthly subscription services plus other transportation services. The Authority paid a management fee of \$74,000 for the year ended June 30, 2014. Dial-A-MART Services, Inc. was selected through a competitive process in 2013 for a five year period with an annual renewal option.

The three transportation companies share a common ownership.

The operations of the Authority's paratransit service targeted for elderly and handicapped individuals is provided by the local Councils on Aging ("COA") in accordance with an understanding whereby the COAs operate specialized non-fixed route service for elderly/disabled persons. In the communities of Fitchburg, Leominster and Ashby this service is operated by Dial-A-MART Services, Inc. The Authority has agreed to reimburse the COAs for reasonable and necessary expenses for the efficient operation of the paratransit service. The local COAs are departments of each municipal government having membership in the Authority, and expenses are billed by the municipality.

Effective July 1, 2013, MART also assumed oversight of funding from Mass DOT for a paratransit operation in Athol operated by Community Transportation Services which provides demand response, non-fixed transit services to residents of the greater Athol / Orange region.

Note A - The Authority and Operators (Continued)

Brokerage programs (referred to as HST, ICO's, SPED, brokerage, or fully funded) consist of the brokerage of Human Service Transportation (HST) for various agencies under the Commonwealth of Massachusetts' Executive Office of Health and Human Services (EOHHS) including: MassHealth (Medicaid), Department of Public Health (DPH), Department of Developmental Services (DDS), Department of Mental Health (DMH), Massachusetts Rehabilitation Commission (MRC) and the Massachusetts Commission for the Blind (MCB); three Integrated Care Options (ICO) which are Commonwealth Care Alliance, Inc., Fallon Total Care, LLC, and Network Health, LLC; and local municipal special needs students, from all of which the Authority receives a brokerage fee. The Authority's service area for the HST transportation program includes the greater Pioneer Valley Area, North and South Central areas and the greater Metro Boston region. The Authority's service area for local municipal Special Education departments (SPED) includes Fitchburg, Leominster, Gardner, Ayer/Shirley, Ashburnham, and Westminster. The service is provided by private operators utilizing their own vehicles. Operators are required to bid through a formal selection process whereby the Authority reimburses them through contracted negotiated rates. The Authority provides the administrative function: scheduling, coordination, monitoring for quality and cost control, management and vehicle inspections, safety instruction and backup services in case of emergency or special requirements. General and administrative expenses have been allocated to each program. During FY2014, MART negotiated a contract extension with EOHHS. The Authority executed a six year administrative contract extension to provide brokerage services for the Human Service Transportation (HST) department effective July 1, 2014. The renewed contract expires June 30, 2020.

There were 272 brokerage program operators for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. This list is provided in this report.

Note B- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements of the Authority have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the recognized standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Effective July 1, 2013, the Authority adopted GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities; GASB Statement No. 66, Technical Corrections – 2012 – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 10 and No. 62; GASB Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25; and GASB Statement No. 70, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees. The adoption of these pronouncements had no effect on the Authority's financial statements.

The Authority reports its financial position and results of operations as a proprietary type fund, as it is organized to be self-supporting through fees charged to external parties for goods and services. The financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of cash flows. Grants are recognized as revenues as soon as qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all eligibility requirements have been met.

Note B- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The statement of net position presents all of the Authority's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation
 and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes and other debt that are attributed to the acquisition,
 construction or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted net position result when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors and the like, or imposed by law through enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consist of net assets, which do not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Authority's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

Operating vs. Non-operating Revenue and Expense

Operating revenues and expenses are distinguished from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing transit services to the general public. The principal operating revenues consist of passenger fares and advertising revenue. Revenue is recognized at the time service is delivered. Operating expenses include the cost of transit services and maintenance provided by third party vendors, administrative expense and insurance. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Capital Grants

The Authority receives capital grants from the United States Department of Transportation and the Commonwealth to be used for various purposes connected with the planning, modernization and expansion of transportation service. Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 33, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions," these grants are reflected in the accompanying statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position as Capital Grants.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the Authority considers all unrestricted highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note B- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets consist of land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, equipment, and vehicles and are recorded at historical cost. Assets with a cost in excess of \$500 are capitalized. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add value to the asset or materially extend asset lives are expensed. Capital assets, other than land and construction in progress, are depreciated using the straight-line method over their useful lives. These lives range from ten to forty years for buildings and improvements, four to twelve years for vehicles, and three to ten years for equipment. Construction in progress is transferred to building and improvements at the time the capital asset is placed in service for its intended use.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets are restricted for the acquisition of capital assets under the terms defined in the various capital grants received by the Authority. In substantially all cases, the Authority draws down the grant funds after the vendor has been paid. Accordingly, there are no restricted assets at June 30, 2014.

Other Assets

Other assets consist primarily of prepaid insurance, materials and fuel, and other prepaid expenses.

Note C - Cash and Cash Equivalents

Investment Policy

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Authority will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The Authority's policy to mitigate these risks is to invest its funds in deposits with solvent financial institutions.

The Authority carries deposits that are insured by FDIC insurance, as well as federally uninsured deposits. As of June 30, 2014, the Massachusetts Municipal Depository Trust (MMDT) bank balance of federally uninsured deposits totaled \$1,226,216. The MMDT deposits are subject to the full faith and credit of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. These deposits are invested in government securities only

Credit Risk

As of June 30, 2014, the Authority's investment in the state investment pool, MMDT, was not rated.

The composition and amount of the Authority's cash and cash equivalents fluctuates during the fiscal year. The primary reason for the fluctuation involves the timing of proceeds of borrowings, collections of federal, state and local aid, and capital outlays made.

The Authority has defined deposit and investment policies that limit the Authority's allowable deposits or investments and address the specific types of risk to which the entity is exposed.

Note D - Grants

At June 30, 2014, under Sections 5307, 5308, 5309 and 88-GG (TIGGER) of the Federal Transit Administration ("FTA"), as amended, the U.S. Department of Transportation has current active capital grants to the Authority aggregating a remaining balance of approximately \$6.1 million. The federal government normally funds up to 80% of capital projects. However, the Authority has at times been awarded federal grant funding up to 100% for approved capital improvement projects. The remaining non-federal share may be financed through state capital grants, local capital funds, and the issuance of long-term debt and toll credits.

The Authority has a contract with the Commonwealth for operating assistance as provided for in the enabling legislation. The contract provides that the Commonwealth will pay the Authority a portion of its net cost of service. The amount of this contract assistance for FY2014 was \$4,679,775. In FY2014 the Commonwealth also provided a one-time state subsidy of \$885,685 for Dial-A-Ride services for Athol. In addition, the various cities and towns constituting the Authority contributed assistance in the amount of \$1,884,707 for 2014.

The non-current receivable for operating assistance includes \$424,429 from Cities and Towns constituting the Authority for previous years which are generally paid through "Cherry Sheets." Whether these amounts will eventually be funded is undeterminable. The Authority has not reserved any amount as uncollectible related to these receivables.

Note E - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

| | Balance 6/30/2013 | | Additions | | Transfers and <u>Disposals</u> | | Balance 6/30/2014 | |
|--|-------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------------------|------------|
| Capital assets, not being depreciated: | | | | | | | | |
| Land | \$ | 4,776,268 | \$ | 2,717 | \$ | ÷ | \$ | 4,778,985 |
| Construction in progress | | 6,441,486 | | 1,929,963 | | - | | 8,371,449 |
| Fixed Assets in process | - | | , | 122,085 | | <u> </u> | - | 122,085 |
| Total capital assets not being depreciated: | - | 11,217,754 | _ | 2,054,765 | _ | 9. | _ | 13,272,519 |
| Capital assets, being depreciated: | | | | | | | | |
| Buildings | | 44,368,349 | | 270,578 | | (28,486) | | 44,610,441 |
| Vehicles, Fareboxes and other | | 19,261,740 | | 2,301,685 | | (2,365,219) | | 19,198,206 |
| System Development | | 200 | | 333,846 | | - | | 333,846 |
| Other Fixed Assets | - | 2,793,947 | | 261,847 | - | (52,342) | _ | 3,003,452 |
| Total capital assets, being depreciated | | 66,424,036 | | 3,167,956 | | (2,446,047) | | 67,145,945 |
| Total accumulated depreciation | - | 26,852,618 | - | 3,989,532 | | (2,439,952) | - | 28,402,198 |
| Total capital assets, being depreciated, net | _ | 39,571,418 | _ | (821,576) | _ | (6,095) | | 38,743,747 |
| Net Capital Assets | \$ | 50,789,172 | \$ | 1,233,189 | \$ | (6,095) | \$ | 52,016,266 |

Note F - Revenue Anticipation Notes

The Authority is subsidized by the Commonwealth for its annual "Net Cost of Service" as defined in the Enabling Legislation. Prior to FY2014, these subsidies were funded subsequent to the year in which the costs are incurred. Therefore, the Authority issues revenue anticipation notes to cover cash flow requirements until funding is received.

The Revenue Anticipation Note (RAN) outstanding at June 30, 2014 consisted of one note totaling \$23,300,000. This note bore an interest rate of .577% NIC. This note was due in August 2014. The \$23,300,000 RAN was repaid in August 2014 and a new RAN was issued for \$19,000,000. Interest expense related to the RAN amounted to \$134,400 in 2014.

Note G- Long Term Debt

During the year ended June 30, 2014, the following changes occurred in long-term liabilities

| | Interest Rate | Original Amount | Maturity Date | Balance 7/1/13 | Reductions | Total Balance 6/30/14 | Current Portion | Long-Term Portion |
|---|------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------|------------|--------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| Note Payable - Fitchburg Redevelopment Authority | 09 | % \$1,050,000 | June-26 | \$690,001 | (\$53,333) | §636,668 | (\$53,333) | §583,33 <u>5</u> |
| Total | | | | <u>\$690,001</u> | (\$53,333) | \$636,668 | (\$53,333) | <u>\$583,335</u> |

Maturities of Long Term Debt for the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

| Years ended June 30 | Principal Principal | Inte | erest |
|---------------------|---------------------|------|-------|
| 2015 | \$53,333 | \$ | 0- |
| 2016 | 53,333 | | 0.2 |
| 2017 | 53,333 | | 6 |
| 2018 | 53,333 | | - |
| 2019 | 53,333 | | -2 |
| 2020-2024 | 266,665 | | - |
| 2025-2026 | 103,338 | | + |
| Total | \$636,668 | \$ | IOA. |

Note H-Notes Payable

The Authority has a demand commercial line of credit available up to a maximum borrowing of \$2 million. No amounts were outstanding at June 30, 2014. The balance outstanding at June 30, 2013 was \$2 million which was repaid in FY2014. The line carries an interest rate of prime (3.25% at June 30, 2014).

Note I-Contingencies

The Authority has received capital and operating financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. Expenditure of the funds under these programs generally requires compliance with the terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audit could become a liability of the Authority. There are no known disallowances at or for the year ended June 30, 2014.

The Authority is also party to claims that arise during the normal course of business. Management and the Authority's legal counsel are currently aware of claims as described below.

The Authority has received notice of claim for a civil action in Worcester Superior Court from legal counsel for Care-A-Van Transport, Inc. – plaintiff. MART is named as co-defendant in this claim which results from the Medicaid fraud scheme perpetrated against MART by various companies owned by Alex Shrayber. The potential claim is \$195,000 and MART is currently represented by legal counsel appointed by its insurance carrier which provides business coverage for this type of claim.

Regarding the North Leominster Parking Garage project, there are two civil actions and one pending claim, as noted below:

The Authority has received notice of claim of a civil action in Middlesex Superior Court from legal counsel for TLT Construction, Inc., as third party defendant in a civil suit filed by Canatal Steel USA – plaintiff against TLT Construction, Inc. and its bonding company – Western Surety Company. The potential claim is approximately \$916,000 plus interest, costs and attorneys' fees. MART is represented by legal counsel for the project.

The Authority has also received notice of claim of a civil action in Worcester Superior Court from legal counsel for TLT Construction, Inc., as third party defendant in a civil suit filed by Barker Steel, LLC – plaintiff against TLT Construction, Inc. and its bonding company – Western Surety Company. The potential claim is approximately \$256,000 plus interest, costs and attorneys' fees. MART is represented by legal counsel for the project.

Additionally, TLT Construction, Inc., which was terminated by the Authority for failing to complete the project within the contract specified time deadline and failure to make payments to subcontractors in a timely manner, provided notice of claims for delays and other damages in excess of \$900,000.

The Authority believes the above claims are without merit and intends to vigorously contest them. The proceedings are in early stages and it is not possible at this point to predict any outcome.

The Authority has been cooperating with an inquiry into pension payments collected by the Authority's Administrator. Management and the Advisory Board believe the matter is between the Administrator and the State Retirement Board and the Authority has no obligation or liability in this matter. Accordingly, no liability has been accrued.

Note J-Retirement Benefits

The Authority's administrative staff has not had a pension fringe benefit package with the exception of Federal Social Security (FICA) since its inception in 1978. The Authority sponsors a 401A investment plan effective January 1, 2003. The Authority will contribute up to \$2,000 per year for its full-time employees after two years of full-time service. This contribution is not based on compensation and is discretionary. The total amount contributed by the Authority was \$89,984 for the year ended June 30, 2014. Approximately 50 employees benefit under the Plan.

Note K - Related Party Transactions

The Authority engages in transactions with other component units of Massachusetts Department of Transportation in the normal course of business. These transactions relate to operating as well as capital activities.

Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority (MBTA) – the Authority is considered a sub-recipient through MBTA of a federal grant for the extension of the Fitchburg Commuter Rail and construction of the Wachusett Station. In FY2014, the Authority incurred administrative costs of \$185,025 related to the federal grant. At June 30, 2014, the receivable from MBTA totaled \$124,861 and is included in Receivables from the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in the accompanying statement of net position. The Authority also serves as ticket agency for MBTA at the Fitchburg Intermodal Station. In FY2014, the Authority collected ticket revenues of \$315,206 and remitted \$316,065 to MBTA.

Cape Ann Transit Authority (CATA) – the Authority paid CATA \$75,000 in FY2014 for contractual services that CATA employees provided to the Authority.

Montachusett Regional Planning Commission (MRPC) – the Authority paid MRPC \$161,993 in FY2014 for contractual services that MRPC employees provided to the Authority. MRPC also rents office space from the Authority for which it paid \$21,912 in FY2014.

Lowell Regional Transit Authority (LRTA) – the Authority contracts with LRTA as a vendor as part of the brokerage line of business. In accordance with the HST contract with the Authority, LRTA is the low bid for these services.

Note L - Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through October 21st, 2014, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

In August 2014, the Authority paid its existing revenue anticipation note of \$23,300,000 and issued a new note for \$19,000,000. In September 2014, the North Leominster parking garage was issued its certificate of occupancy and was opened for operations. Construction in progress at June 30th, 2014 included costs of approximately \$7,800,000 related to the parking garage.

Montachusett Regional Transit Authority (A Component Unit of Massachusetts Department of Transportation) List of Brokerage Vendors totaling 272 For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

A & G Transportation Services Inc., Revere

AAA Solution Inc., Sharon

Aaron Transport LLC, Springfield

Absolute Transportation Group Inc., Woburn

Absolutransit, Gardner

Access Care Ride, Leominster

ADH Transit Services, Worcester

Agawan Transportation Inc., Agawam

Allroad Transit Corporation, Stoughton

Allroad Transportation Corp., Stoughton

All-Savants Transportation LLC, Quincy

Alternatives Unlimited Inc., Whitinsville

American Training Inc., Lawrence

American Way Transportation Inc., Newton

ANB Transportation, Inc., Waltham

Angel Transportation, Westford

Deborah Apraku, Malden

Arko Transortation Service, Lynn

Aurora Transportation, Lynn

Avangard Transportation, Lynn

B & C Transportation LLC, Fitchburg

Barry L. Price Rehabilitation Center Inc., W. Newton

Bass River Inc., Beverly

Bay State Transportation Co., Lynn

Marie T. Bell, Arlington

Best Choice Transportation Inc., Brookline

Best Ride Inc., Newton

Best Transportation, Natick

Blackstone Valley Limo, Uxbridge

Maria Bonafine, Medford

Boston Mass Transport Inc., Natick

Bostonian Transportation Services Inc., Wellesley

Bridgewell Inc., Lynnfield

Christina Brown, Lincoln

Busy Bee Transportation, Ashland

Cab Transportation LLC, New Bedford

Camme Transportation Inc., Andover

Cape Ann Transportation Operating Co., Gloucester

Eileen Cappello, Plymouth

Careplus Transportation, Worcester

Caring Choice Transportation Inc., Georgetown

Angela Caswell, Plymouth

Center of Hope Foundation Inc., Southbridge (aka SoWorc Ar

Citizens Transportation LLC, Worcester

City Cab Company Inc., Fitchburg

City Transit LLC, Chicopee

City Voyager Corp., Ashland

Class Inc., Lawrence

Classic Tran of Leominster Inc., Leominster

Client Care Solutions Inc., Lynn

Clinton Livery Inc., Clinton

Lisa Colleameno, Malden

Comfort Care Resource Group, Woburn

Community Access Inc., Lowell

Community Healthlink Inc., Worcester

Community Transit Services Inc., Athol

Community Transportation Services Inc., Indian Orchard

Compass Transportation Inc., Marlborough

Denise Conry, N. Reading

D & T Transportation, Worcester

D S Express Transportation Co., Chicopee

Dasa Transportation Inc., Quincy

Delaney Health Care Trans LLC, Mattapan

Delta Transportation, Inc., Worcester

Dial-a-Mart Services Inc., Fitchburg

Diamante Ride Inc., Brighton

DN Transportation Inc., Raynham

DNJ Transportation Inc., W. Roxbury

Donahue Limousine Service, Leominster

Dracut Transportation, Dracut

E & A Transportation, LLC, Chestnut Hill

E T Transportation, Ware

Eagle Livery & Transportation, Worcester

Eagle Transit LLC, Springfield

East Middlesex Assoc. for Retarded Citizens, Reading

East Springfield Transportation Inc., Springfield

Eliot Community Human Services, Lexington

Employment Options Inc., Marlboro

Extra Care Transport, Worcester

F.O.M. Transportation Inc., Woburn

Faith Transportation, Westfield

Fidelity House Inc., Lawrence

First Class Care Transit Solutions Inc., Sharon

First Student Inc., Providence, RI

Five Stars Transportation, Natick

Flow Transportation Services Inc., Leominster

Francois Transportation Inc., Tewksbury

Fred's School Bus, Winchendon

Dawn Freeman, Peabody

Mary Fuller, Hinsdale

GAAMHA Inc., Gardner

Gabriel Transportation, Amherst

Gentle Arms Daily Trans., Chelmsford

Gentle Ride Inc., Stoneham

Gloria Transportation Inc., Canton

Gokey & Quinn Bus Co., Harvard

Greater Lowell Transportation, Dracut

Greater Lynn Senior Services, Lynn

Greater North Transportation Inc., N. Chelmsford

Green Cab Co. Inc., Somerville

Groom Transportation Inc., Brookfield

Gusko Inc., Worcester

Habilitation Assistance Group, Plymouth

Hardy Transportation LLC., Winchendon

Harmony Transportation, Woburn

HC Transportation, Chestnut Hill

Health Line Transport, Boston

Heart to Heart Transportation, N. Chelmsford

Patrick Hendershot, Malden

Heritage Truck & Transit, Gardner

Home and Away Transportation Inc., Lowell

Horace Mann Educational Associates Inc., Franklin

Hudson Transportation Services, Salem

Hulmes Transportation Service, Belchertown

Human Resources Unlimited, Springfield

In Time Med Transport LLC, Worcester

Daisy Jebb, Essex

Jet Transportation Inc., Shrewsbury

JFK Transportation Inc., Natick

Justice Service Inc., Billerica

JYL Transportation, Spencer

Kenmore Transit, Swampscott

Kenride Inc., Revere

Kiessling Transit Inc., Norfolk

King Courier Trans. Inc., Webster

Konastone Service Inc., Dracut

K's Personal Transport Inc., Oxford

Kush Transportation Inc., Methuen

L & G Transportation Service, Leominster

L. B. Transportation, Waltham

L.E.V.I. Trans Corp., Lynn

Lidstar Internationl Inc., Lynn

Lifestream Transportation LLC, Spencer

Lifeworks Inc., Westwood

Lodge T LLC, Revere

Longonot Transportation Inc., Springfield

Lowell Regional Transit Authority, Lowell

Lowell Transportation, Tewksbury

Loyal Transportation LLC, West Bridgewater

LP Transportation, Palmer

Lux Transportation, Quincy

Luxus Inc., Quincy

M Trans, W. Roxbury

Malden Trans Inc., Malden

Malka Inc., Randolph

Management of Transportation Services Inc., Fitchburg

Management of Transportation Services of Gardner Inc.,

Gardner

Manning Faith Manning, Burlington

Mark's Transportation LLC, Milford

Masstran Corp., Danvers

Maxride Inc., Dracut

Bree McConnell, Quincy

Medical Transportation Inc., Auburndale

Cynthia Mendez, Hyde Park

Metro Mass Transportation Service LLC, Revere

Metro Transport Services LLC, Revere

Michael Transportation Services Corp., Swampscott

Cheryl Michellotti, Harvard

Midnight Express Livery LLC, Chelmsford

Mighty Livery Transportation LLC, Wilmington

Mill City Transit LLC, Billerica

Minute Man Arc for Human Services Inc., Concord

MJ Transportation LLC, Erving

Mobile Transportation, Qunicy

Moose Hill Transportation Inc., Sharon

Mystic Service Corp. Inc., Medford

Mystic Transportation, Worcester

Need-A-Lift Medivan Inc., Leominster

New Worcester Yellow Cab, Worcester

Pearl Nodiff, Natick

Northeast ARC Inc., Danvers

NuPath Inc., Woburn

Nurse Care Transportation, Metheun

Oceanside Medical Transportation, Beverly

Omar Transport LLC, Waban

Optimo Transportation LLC, Roxbury

Orenstein Bernard Orenstein, Peabody

Antonio Paiva, Everett

Petrom Transportation, Chicopee

Phil's Transportation, Wales

PHL Inc., Shrewsbury

Pilgrim Transportation Inc., Quincy

Plimouth Transportation Inc., Plymouth

Prestige Livery Transportation LLP, Winchester

Prestige Medical Transportation Inc., Mattapan

Prevalent Transport Inc., Chicopee

Prime Solution Group, Brookline

Professional Limousine, Millbury

Quantum Transportation LLC, Watertown

R & M Ride, Lexington

R.E.M. Services Trans. LLC, Belmont

Rafa Transportation LLC, Springfield

Rapid Ambulance Services Inc., Holliston

Red Cab, Worcester

Rehabilative Resources Inc., Sturbridge

Reliable Trans, Worcester

Reliable Transport, Jamaica Plain

Reliable Transportation, N. Chelmsford

Ride on Time Inc., Lynn

Ride Rite Medi Van Inc., Westminster

Ridex Inc., Brockton

Carol J. Ringer, Lynnfield

Bertie Risso, Westford

Riverside Industries Inc., Easthampton

RM Transportation Inc., Swampscott

RNC Transportation Services Inc., Burlinton

Debra J. Rogers, Hyde Park

Royal Care Transportation, Framingham

Safe Ride Trans. Inc., Woburn

Safe Transportation Inc., Canton

Sam's Trans Delivery, Lawerence

Samtag Transit LLC, Worcester

Janice Scaparotti, Medford

Seaway Transportation Services Inc., Woburn

Sera-Ride, Lynn

Seven Hills Community Services Inc., Worcester

Shamrock Livery Inc., Marshfield

Sisli LLC, Brighton

Six Star Transportation, Inc., Watertown

SLG Run, LLC, Holbrook

Smart Transportation Inc., Quincy

Smooth Ride Transportation., Leominster

Solika Transit, Springfield

Sonic Velocity Inc., Swampscott

South Shore Community Action Council Inc., Plymouth

Spartacus Transportation LLC, Millis

Star Line Transportation LLC, West Springfield

Starlight Transportation, Worcester

Steban Intl. Trans. & Business Group Inc., Worcester

Storm Cloud, Medford

Success Corporation, Watertown

Sun Ride Transit, Randolph

Sunrise-Amancer Inc., Springfield

Support Management Inc., Waltham

Surrimassini Inc., Salem

SVT, Chicopee

T3 Transportation Inc., Boston

Take-Off Transport, Worcester

The May Institute, W. Roxbury

Tommy's Taxi Inc., Framingham

Total Traveler Transportation LLC, Marshfield

Town Cab of Southbridge, Southbridge

Transability Inc., Melrose

Transportation On Call, Stoughton

Travelers Transit Inc., Woonsocket, RI

Tri-City Services Inc., Peabody

Unice International Group LLC, Springfield

United Transportation Group Inc., Worcester

US Comfort Express LLC, Marlborough

Valley Opportunity Council, Holyoke

Vesta Inc., Quincy

Veteran's Taxi of Newton LLC, Waltham

VHS Transportation Company, S. Easton

Victoria's Transportation, Stoughton

Vision Beyond Transportation, N. Chelmsford

Vital Transportation LLC, Everett

Vlads Transportation, W. Springfield

Voyage Transportation LLC, Quincy

VT Car & Limousine LLC, Everett

Wainwright Janet Wainwright, Sudbury

Wendo Transport Services, Dracut

West Medical Transportation Inc., Stoughton

Westfield Transport Inc., Westfield

Winnie & Josena Transportation, Worcester

Wood's Ambulance Inc., Gardner

Worcester Medical Transportation, Worcester

Worcester Transportation Corp., W. Springfield

WOW Transportation Inc., Quincy

Yaris Transportation, Lynn

Yellow Cab Co., Springfield

Yerevan Group Inc., Lynn

Youth on the Move, Springfield

Montachusett Regional Transit Authority (A Component Unit of Massachusetts Department of Transportation) Revenue and Cost of Service by Route For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

| | | | Cost | of Service | 5 / / | |
|-------------------|---------------------|--------------|------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|
| | Rever Operations | oue Other | Transportation Service | | Net Interest (Income) Expense | Net Income (Loss) |
| | Operations | Omer | Service | Administrative | (Income) Expense | (LOSS) |
| Fitchburg: | | | | | | |
| Circle Line | \$ 81,272 \$ | 57,181 | \$ 683,47 | 8 \$ 160,204 | \$ 2,058 | \$ (707,287) |
| Main Line | 69,365 | 48,804 | 846,09 | 9 198,322 | 2,548 | (928,800) |
| Fitchburg Intown | 112,696 | 79,291 | 781,2 | 1 183,127 | 2,352 | (774,763) |
| Intercity Service | 3,099 | 2,180 | 27,19 | 6,374 | 82 | (28,372) |
| ADA/Dial-A-Ride | 105,678 | 74,353 | 707,5 | 9 165,839 | 2,130 | (695,457) |
| Fitchburg Total | 372,110 | 261,809 | 3,045,56 | 713,866 | 9,170 | (3,134,679) |
| Leominster | | | | | | |
| Circle Line | 130,859 | 88,609 | 1,110,04 | 0 261,523 | 3,382 | (1,155,477) |
| Main Line | 111,687 | 75,627 | 947,4 | 0 223,208 | 2,886 | (986,190) |
| Leominster Intown | 12,156 | 8,231 | 103,1 | 6 24,294 | 314 | (107,337) |
| Intercity Service | 2,820 | 1,910 | 23,92 | 1 5,636 | 73 | (24,900) |
| ADA/Dial-A-Ride | 100,510 | 68,059 | 695,39 | | | (692,776) |
| Leominster Total | 358,032 | 242,436 | 2,879,8 | 678,494 | 8,773 | (2,966,680) |
| Lunenburg | | | | | | |
| Fixed Route | 11,767 | 8,551 | 100,30 | 31,146 | 389 | (111,522) |
| ADA/Dial-A-Ride | 4,219 | 3,066 | 21,3 | | | (20,839) |
| Lunenburg Total | 15,986 | 11,617 | 121,70 | 37,790 | 472 | (132,361) |
| Lancaster | | | | | | |
| Fixed Route | 4,184 | 7,008 | 35,6 | 22,918 | 319 | (47,709) |
| ADA/Dial-A-Ride | 527 | 883 | 2,1 | 0 2,887 | 19 | (3,636) |
| Lancaster Total | 4,711 | 7,891 | 37,80 | 25,805 | 338 | (51,345) |
| Gardner | | | | | | |
| Circle Routes 1&2 | 35,150 | 31,592 | 599,4 | 75 134,134 | 1,662 | (668,529) |
| MWCC | 10,640 | 9,563 | 54,3 | 9 12,154 | 151 | (46,421) |
| Link Service | 24,053 | 21,618 | 275,2 | 1 61,582 | 763 | (291,895) |
| ADA/Dial-A-Ride | 55,689 | 50,052 | 427,5 | 95,670 | 1,185 | (418,683) |
| Gardner Total | 125,532 | 112,825 | 1,356,5 | 303,540 | 3,761 | (1,425,528) |
| Athol | | | * | | | |
| Link Service | 6,013 | 1,037 | 68,8 | 05 8,322 | 163 | (70,240) |
| Dial-a-Ride* | 968,498 | 167,096 | | | | 70,240 |
| Athol Total | 974,511 | 168,133 | 1,017,2 | | | 0 |
| | | | | | | |
| Councils on Aging | 76,985 | 10,579 | 2,400,6 | 62,522 | 3,378 | (2,379,022) |
| Dial-A-Mart | 514,797 | | 872,9 | 268,484 | | (626,598) |
| TOTAL | \$ 2,442,664 \$ | 815,290 | \$ 11,732,3 | 80 \$ 2,213,536 | 5 \$ 28,301 | \$ (10,716,213) |

^{*} Includes state subsidy of \$885,685

(A Component Unit of Massachusetts Department of Transportation) Brokerage Program Revenue and Cost of Service Montachusett Regional Transit Authority

| 2014 | |
|----------|--|
| June 30. | |
| Ended | |
| Year | |
| For the | |

| | | Revenue | Transportation | | | Net Interest | | Net |
|---|-----|-----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | | | | | | | |
| , | Fro | From Operations | Service | Adm | Administrative | (Income)/Expense | Inc | Income/(Loss) |
| SPECIAL EDUCATION | | | | | | | | |
| Special Ed - Ashburn/West | 69 | 627.851 \$ | 592.159 | 69 | 34.913 | 8 | <i>9</i> | |
| Special Ed - Fitchburg | | | | | 908'9 | | | |
| Special Ed - Gardner | | 148,874 | 140,447 | 1 | 8,242 | 185 | | -1 |
| Special Ed - Leominster | | 1,324,613 | 1,249,634 | | 73,334 | 1,645 | | · |
| Special Ed - Shirley | | 188,202 | 177,549 | • | 10,419 | 234 | á | ă |
| Special Ed - Other | | 74,183 | 73,261 | | 826 | 96 | | i |
| TOTAL SPECIAL EDUCATION | | 2,486,677 | 2,349,045 | | 134,540 | 3,092 | | |
| Department of Mental Health | | 1,047,133 | 1,047,688 | | 59,765 | 1,379 | 6 | (61,699) |
| Department of Mental realin | | 1,047,133 | 1,047,000 | | 29,702 | 1,379 | | (61,699) |
| Department of Public Health | | 2,835,353 | 2,839,751 | | 161,992 | 3,738 | 10 | (170,128) |
| Mass Health | | 25,615,655 | 24,414,749 | - | 1,392,729 | 32,142 | 24 | (223,965) |
| Mass Health Ico | | 364,967 | 500,003 | | 28,522 | 859 | | (164,216) |
| Department of Developmental Services | | 12,153,600 | 12,168,588 | 25 | 694,152 | 16,020 | ā | (725,160) |
| Department of Developmental Services Dayhab | | 53,543,535 | 53,487,449 | ~ | 3,051,168 | 70,416 | 120 | (3,065,498) |
| Department of Developmental Services Dayhab Ico | | 249,900 | 303,404 | _ | 17,308 | 399 | 2 | (71,211) |
| Ma Rehab & Commission for the Blind | | 217,080 | 217,460 | | 12,405 | 286 | .2 | (13,071) |
| Dial-A-MART | | 2,449,888 | 1,383,347 | | 78,912 | 1,821 | | 982,808 |
| Administration | | 4,078,900 | 7,617 | | 435 | 10 | | 4,070,838 |
| TOTAL COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS | | 102,556,011 | 96,370,056 | | 5,497,388 | 126,869 | | 561,698 |
| TOTAL BROKERAGE PROGRAMS | €9 | 105,042,688 \$ | 98,719,101 | 6/3 | 5,631,928 | \$ 129,961 | 69 | 561,698 |

See Independent auditors' report.

(A Component Unit of Massachusetts Department of Transportation) Allocation of Net Cost of Service For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

| | | Councils | | General and | Federal | Other | Cost of | Self-Funded | State | Local | Unreimbursed |
|-------------|---------------|------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|--------------|-----------------|
| | Fixed Route | on Aging | g Total | Administrative | Assistance | Income | Service | Brokerage | Assistance | Assessment | Cost of Service |
| Fitchburg | \$2,926,787 | \$ 353,238 | 38 \$3,280,025 | \$ 724,816 | \$ (864,615) | \$ (188,366) | \$ 2,951,860 | \$ (193,070) | \$ (1,618,223) | \$ (638,160) | \$ 502,407 |
| Leominster | 2,782,856 | 334,138 | 38 3,116,994 | 730,623 | (832,771) | (171,698) | 2,843,148 | (185,960) | (1,558,627) | (614,657) | 483,904 |
| Gardner | 980,636 | 127,665 | 1,108,301 | 306,994 | (300,861) | (87,269) | 1,027,165 | (67,183) | (563,096) | (222,062) | 174,824 |
| Lunenburg | 105,716 | 62,820 | 20 168,536 | 38,250 | (45,082) | (7,788) | 153,916 | (10,067) | (84,377) | (33,275) | 26,197 |
| Templeton | 62,792 | 156,058 | 58 218,850 | | (58,065) | (9,168) | 198,241 | (12,966) | (108,677) | (42,857) | 33,741 |
| Westminster | i | 146,295 | 95 146,295 | | | (3,280) | 131,712 | (8,615) | (72,205) | (28,475) | 22,417 |
| Winchendon | 31,396 | 908'96 | 06 128,202 | 23,870 | | (4,967) | 113,779 | (7,442) | (62,374) | (24,598) | 19,365 |
| Ayer | 1 | 122,088 | 38 122,088 | 22,407 | | (2,819) | 109,971 | (7,193) | (60,287) | (23,774) | 18,717 |
| Boxborough | -46- | 42,487 | 87 42,487 | | | (656) | 38,255 | (2,502) | (20,972) | (8,270) | 6,511 |
| Harvard | a. | 59,463 | 53 59,463 | | | (1,465) | 53,615 | (3,507) | (29,392) | (11,591) | 9,125 |
| Littleton | 1 | 111,066 | 56 111,066 | 20,786 | | (2,796) | 100,175 | (6,552) | (54,916) | (21,657) | 17,050 |
| Shirley | (1 c) | 65,157 | 57 65,157 | 25,668 | | (1,821) | 580,69 | (4,519) | (37,873) | (14,935) | 11,758 |
| Lancaster | 33,093 | 93,242 | 126,335 | 26,139 | | (5,054) | 114,022 | (7,458) | (62,507) | (24,650) | 19,407 |
| Sterling | · i | 73,256 | 56 73,256 | | (19,010) | (1,605) | 65,932 | (4,312) | (36,144) | (14,254) | 11,222 |
| Stow | 1 | 43,306 | 96 43,306 | 9,203 | | (1,225) | 51,284 | (3,354) | 1 | (39,201) | 8,729 |
| Ashburnham | 4 | 94,380 | 30 94,380 | | (2,082) | (2,185) | 107,441 | (7,027) | (58,900) | (23,228) | 18,286 |
| Ashby | • | 39,074 | 39,074 | 7,353 | (863) | (1,559) | 44,005 | (2,878) | (24,124) | (9,513) | 7,490 |
| Athol | 42,689 | 171,687 | 37 214,376 | 218,231 | (60,207) | (107,926) | 264,474 | (17,298) | (144,986) | (57,176) | 45,014 |
| Hubbardston | idi | 57,451 | 51 57,451 | 10,412 | | (1,253) | 65,344 | (4,274) | (35,822) | (14,126) | 11,122 |
| Bolton | i. | 11,959 | 956,111 | 2,243 | | (303) | 13,635 | (892) | (7,474) | (2,948) | 2,321 |
| Hardwick | 1 | 62,065 | 55 62,065 | 11,673 | (1,371) | (1,593) | 70,774 | (4,629) | (38,799) | (15,300) | 12,046 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

(605,099) \$ 8,587,833 \$ (561,698) \$ (4,679,775) \$ (1,884,707) \$ 1,461,653 \$2,323,701 \$9,289,666 \$ 2,301,414 \$ (2,398,148) \$ \$ 6,965,965

Totals

See Independent auditors' report.

Montachusett Regional Transit Authority (A Component Unit of Massachusetts Department of Transportation) Schedule of Administrative, General and Interest Expenses For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

| ADMINISTRATIVE | BROKERAGE PROGRAMS | REGIONAL TRANSIT AUTHORITY | TOTAL |
|--|-----------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|
| Insurance - General Liability Ex/Umbr | \$ 71,075 | \$ 71,075 | \$ 142,150 |
| Insurance - Property | 66,306 | 66,306 | 132,612 |
| Insurance - Other Vehicles | 131,103 | 243,478 | 374,581 |
| Insurance - Bus | 131,103 | 125,191 | 125,191 |
| Advertising - Marketing / Legal / Consultant | 6,416 | 1,389 | 7,805 |
| Printing | 144 | 32 | 176 |
| Consultant - Technical/MRPC | 78,973 | 184,271 | 263,244 |
| Payroll - Administrative / Ticket Agency / Grant / Ten | | 685,292 | 3,807,177 |
| Legal Counsel | 49,885 | 10,950 | 60,835 |
| Auditor | 21,679 | 4,759 | 26,438 |
| Office Supplies | 40,058 | 8,793 | 48,851 |
| Equipment/Maintenance & Equip Lease Expense | 77,087 | 16,922 | 94,009 |
| Purchase Services / IT Software | 14,906 | 3,272 | 18,178 |
| Travel & Meetings/Conference/Training | 24,312 | 5,337 | 29,649 |
| Self Funded Rent Expense | 208,056 | 3,337 | 208,056 |
| Consultants - Computer Service Contracts | 340,425 | 167,672 | 508,097 |
| Consultants - Operational / CATA | 75,000 | 107,072 | 75,000 |
| Staff Unemploy / Taxes / Insurance | 662,782 | 145,489 | 808,271 |
| Miscellaneous Expense | 15,613 | 3,427 | 19,040 |
| Telephone | 397,134 | 87,176 | 484,310 |
| Reserve Fund / Bad Debt Expense | 27,646 | 37,170 | 27,646 |
| Utilities & Maintenance Water St. Facility | 20,998 | 188,977 | 209,975 |
| Utilities & Maintenance ITC Facility | 162,891 | 35,757 | 198,648 |
| Utilities & Maintenance Gardner Facility | 10,095 | 90,852 | 100,947 |
| Utilities & Maintenance N. Main Facility | 7,458 | 67,119 | 74,577 |
| Total Administrative | 5,631,927 | 2,213,536 | 7,845,463 |
| GENERAL AND INTEREST | | | |
| Debt Service / Bank fees | 22,479 | 4,935 | 27,414 |
| Interest Expense | 114,945 | 25,232 | 140,177 |
| Γicket Agency Expense | - | 316,065 | 316,065 |
| Commuter Rail Interface | 74 | 159,779 | 159,779 |
| Total General And Interest | 137,424 | 506,011 | 643,435 |
| Total Administrative, General and Interest | \$ 5,769,351 | \$ 2,719,547 | \$ 8,488,898 |

See Independent auditors' report.

Montachusett Regional Transit Authority (A Component Unit of Massachusetts Department of Transportation) Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

| Federal Grant Pass-Through Grantor/Program | Federal CFDA <u>Number</u> | Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number | Federal Expenditures |
|---|----------------------------------|---|----------------------|
| U.S. Department of Transportation (FTA) Direct Recipient Grants | | | |
| Operating Assistance - Section 5307 Urban Area Formula | 20.507 | MA-90-X705 | \$ 2,134,000 |
| Capital - Section 5307 Urban Area Formula Miscellaneous property improvements, Computer hardware/network, North Leominster parking garage | 20.507 | MA-90-X647 | 750,000 |
| Capital - Section 5309 Discretionary New construction No. Leominster parking garage at commuter rail station | 20.500 | MA-04-0040 | 558,992 |
| Capital - Section 5309 Discretionary Tigger II Discretionary Transit energy management model for renewable resources | 20.500 | MA-88-0001 | 196,974 |
| Capital - Section 5307 Urban Area Formula North Leominster garage, misc property improvements | 20.507 | MA-90-X668 | 653,406 |
| Capital - Section 5309 Veterans Transportation | 20.500 | MA-04-0073 | 515,740 |
| Capital - Section 5308 Hybrid Buses | 20.519 | MA-58-0001 | 979,400 |
| Total Direct Recipient Expenditures | | | 5,788,512 |
| U.S. Department of Transportation (FTA) Sub-Recipient Grants (Pass-Through Commonwealth of Massachusetts) | | | |
| Capital - Section 5317 New Freedom/Same Day Ride Demand response ADA and expand D-A-R services | 20.521 | MA-57-X031 | 53,955 |
| Capital - Section 5339 Bus and Bus Facilities Rehab facility, five fully accessible vehicles | 20.526 | MA-34-0002 | 232,822 |
| MBTA commuter rail service to Wachusett | 20.500 | MA-78-0002 | 185,025 |
| Capital - Section 5310 Mobility Assistance Program Ten fully accessible vehicles | 20,513 | MA-16-X006 | 581,190 |
| Total Sub-Recipient Federal Expenditures | | | 1,052,992 |
| Total Expenditures of Federal Awards | | | \$ 6,841,504 |

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

Montachusett Regional Transit Authority (A Component Unit of Massachusetts Department of Transportation) Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Montachusett Regional Transit Authority and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in the schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*.



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Advisory Board Montachusett Regional Transit Authority Fitchburg, Massachusetts

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Montachusett Regional Transit Authority (the "Authority", a component unit of Massachusetts Department of Transportation) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 21, 2014.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs (2014-01) to be a material weakness.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs (2014-02) to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain other matters that we reported to management of the Authority in a separate letter dated October 21, 2014.

The Authority's Response to Findings

tone & Degan LLC

The Authority's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Authority's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

October 21, 2014



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Advisory Board Montachusett Regional Transit Authority Fitchburg, Massachusetts

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Montachusett Regional Transit Authority's (the "Authority," a component unit of Massachusetts Department of Transportation) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Authority's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014. The Authority's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Authority's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Authority's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Authority's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Authority complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Authority is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Authority's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

October 21, 2014

Store & Dagon LLC

MONTACHUSETT REGIONAL TRANSIT AUTHORITY (A COMPONENT UNIT OF MASSACHUSETTS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION) SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

I. Summary of Auditors' Results

| 1772 | 1 | a. | | 4000 |
|-------|------|------|----|------|
| Finan | clai | Stat | em | ents |

Type of auditors' report issued Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weaknesses identified Yes

Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be

material weaknesses Yes

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major program:

Material weaknesses identified No

Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be

material weaknesses None reported

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in

Accordance with Circular A-133, Section .510(a) No

Identification of Major Program(s)

<u>Program</u> <u>CFDA Nos.</u>

United States Department of Transportation -

Federal Transit Cluster 20.500 / 20.507

Transit Services Program Cluster 20.513
Clean Fuels 20.519

Dollar threshold used for distinguishing between

Types A and B programs \$300,000

Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee No

MONTACHUSETT REGIONAL TRANSIT AUTHORITY (A COMPONENT UNIT OF MASSACHUSETTS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION) SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

II. Finding - Financial Audit

2014-01: Failure to Reconcile Cash Accounts in a Timely Manner (Material Weakness)

Condition: Upon arrival for audit fieldwork, auditors discovered that cash balances were not accurate in the general ledger and that bank accounts had not been reconciled to the general ledger for several months. The MMDT general ledger balance was negative \$8 million, while the bank statement balance was in excess of \$1 million positive. The reconciliation process for the June 2014 balances was not completed until late September.

Cause: Two main causes were identified with this finding. Accounting staff had been using an automated reconciliation process which turned out to be functioning inadequately, so although staff was investing the effort in reconciling the accounts, the results were not compared to the general ledger. Secondly, there was no management individual reviewing the reconciliation process.

Recommendation: We understand the related software problem has been identified and repaired. We recommend that an individual other than the preparer review the reconciliation process on a timely basis to determine that cash general ledger balances are properly reconciled.

Management's response: The Authority's fiscal staff, along with consultants, discovered the deficiency in the system software and immediately instituted a corrective action. We have corrected the software application problem and instituted a reconciliation process with the supervisor and senior accounting staff review, according to best practices.

2014-02: Delays in Reconciling Federal Grants Receivable (Significant Deficiency)

Condition: Federal capital grants as of June 30 must be reported through the TEAM website by the end of July. However, the federal capital grants receivable general ledger balance was not reconciled until September. During this process, management discovered that approximately \$66,000 in federal capital grants earned in fiscal 2014 were incorrectly recorded as fiscal 2015 grant income. We note, however, that the funds were properly reported in the TEAM website in fiscal 2014.

Cause: Currently the system used to report grant expenditures is not integrated with the general ledger.

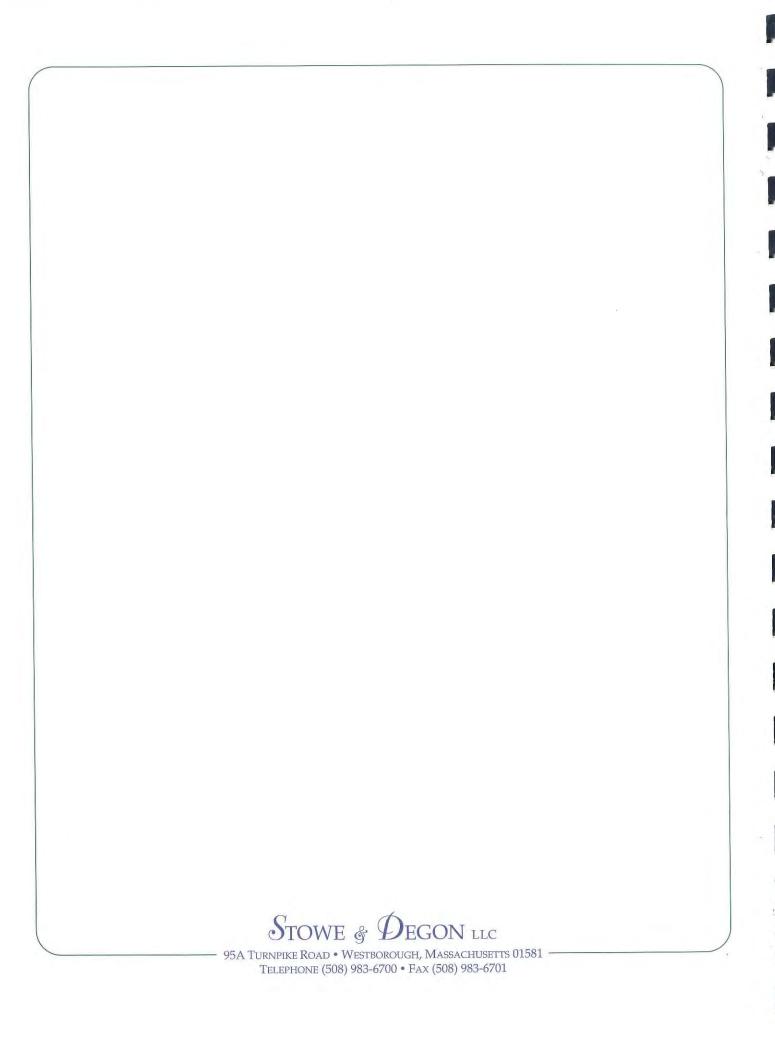
Recommendation: We understand the Authority is in the process of implementing a grants management system. We recommend that the fiscal accounting staff work closely with the program director of grants to assure accuracy in reporting grant activity in the general ledger until the system is fully functional and placed into service.

Management's response: Management agrees with the finding and as noted in the recommendation, is in the process of integrating the grants management system with the general ledger. The Authority's accounting staff, along with the program director of grants will monitor and assure accuracy relative to grant reporting activities in the general ledger until the system is fully integrated, functional and placed into service.

III. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs:

No findings

* * * * * * *





To the Advisory Board and Management Montachusett Regional Transit Authority

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Montachusett Regional Transit Authority (the "Authority") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and other deficiencies that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

The attached Appendix A includes comments on the Authority's internal controls which we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies, as well as comments from the prior year which need further management attention.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Advisory Board, others within the organization, Massachusetts Department of Transportation, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

October 21, 2014

tool of Dayon LLC

Montachusett Regional Transit Authority Appendix A

Comments from Current Year

Material Weaknesses

Year-end Financial Close Process

Observation: As indicated in our management letter comments from prior years and repeated below, a strong interim financial closing process will allow for a more efficient and timely year-end financial closing process. We would expect MART to be able to have its financial records reconciled, adjusted and ready for audit by the middle of August. In the fiscal year 2014 audit, the final adjusted trial balance was not provided to us until September 26, 2014, less than one week before the reporting deadline for draft financial statements.

Recommendation: The first step in improving the interim and year-end closing processes is to have an experienced accounting and financial reporting specialist in the role of Controller/Chief Financial Officer. The individual in this role should have a strong accounting, financial reporting and analysis background with an organization of similar size and complexity as MART. This experience should include dealing with several revenue streams and cost centers, administration of contracts, preparations and management of budgets including analysis and mitigation of cost over-runs. Additionally, familiarity with internal controls and the ability to evaluate, streamline and automate the organization's accounting and financial reporting processes will be vital to MART going forward.

Management response: We are currently in the process of pursuing a qualified accounting / finance individual with a background consistent with the recommendation above to help restructure the fiscal department and guide the team in providing on time, quality financial information.

Bank Account Reconciliations

Observation: Upon arrival for audit fieldwork, auditors discovered that cash balances were not accurate in the general ledger and that bank accounts had not been reconciled to the general ledger for several months. The MMDT general ledger balance was negative \$8 million, while the bank statement balance was in excess of \$1 million positive. The reconciliation process for the June 2014 balances was not completed until September 19, 2014. Two main causes were identified with this weakness. Accounting staff had been using an automated reconciliation process which turned out to be functioning inadequately, so although staff was investing the effort in reconciling the accounts, the results were not compared to the general ledger as a final step. Secondly, there was no management individual reviewing the reconciliation process.

Recommendation: We understand the related software problem has been identified and repaired. We recommend that an individual other than the preparer review the reconciliation process on a timely basis to determine that cash general ledger balances are properly reconciled. Bank accounts should be reconciled as soon as the month end bank statements are received.

Management response: MART fiscal staff, along with consultants, discovered the deficiency in the system software and immediately instituted a corrective action. MART has corrected the software application problem and instituted a reconciliation process with the supervisor and senior accounting staff review, according to best practices.

Significant Deficiency

Grant Reconciliations

Observation: Federal capital grants as of June 30 must be reported through the TEAM website by the end of July. However, the federal capital grants receivable general ledger balance was not reconciled until September. During this process, management discovered that approximately \$66,000 in federal capital grants earned in fiscal 2014 were incorrectly recorded as fiscal 2015 grant income. We note, however, that the funds were properly reported in the TEAM website in fiscal 2014. Currently the system used to report grant expenditures is not integrated with the general ledger.

Recommendation: We understand the Authority is in the process of implementing a grants management system. We recommend that the fiscal accounting staff work closely with the program director of grants to assure accuracy in reporting grant activity in the general ledger until the system is fully functional and placed into service.

Management's response: MART agrees and as noted in the recommendation, is in the process of integrating the grants management system into the General Ledger. MART accounting staff, along with the program director of grants will monitor and assure accuracy relative to grant reporting activities in the General Ledger until the system is fully integrated, functional and placed into service.

Follow up on Prior Year Comments

Net Asset Accounts in the General Ledger

The Authority's general ledger includes eight separate accounts related to net assets. The purpose and accounting policies for the use of several of the accounts are not clearly defined. Journal entries posted to these accounts were analyzed during the audit process and several reversing and correcting entries were required.

We recommend that net asset accounts be reduced to four accounts: Federal capital grants, State and other capital grants, and Depreciation expense, all of which would capture current year activity and be closed out at the end of the year to the final net asset account, Unrestricted net assets. In the event that management determines that a correction should be made to unrestricted net assets back to the beginning of the year, any adjustment should be supported by a thorough analysis, management's justification for the restatement of beginning net assets, and documentation of the adjustment.

2014 follow up - this comment is repeated in 2014.

Management's response: The Authority is taking the steps to introduce asset by class designations to correctly reflect the depreciation life and utilization. This will allow the current account structure to be more effectively utilized in or during analysis and preparation of management presentations.

Interim Financial Close Process

The Authority has made progress in closing the general ledger at interim dates and producing reports that support the reporting date balances. Certain accounts, such as capital assets and related depreciation, capital and operating grant revenue, and net asset accounts should be supported by roll-forward analyses that track activity from the previous reporting date to the current reporting date. We recommend that roll forward analyses be prepared and reconciled for the accounts listed above on a quarterly basis if not more often.

2014 follow up - this comment is repeated in 2014.

Management's response: The Authority instituted for the FY2014 fiscal close, a reconciliation process for fixed assets additions, fixed assets depreciations and fixed assets disposals in a roll-forward methodology. This was presented to the auditors during the FY2014 audit.

Compensated Absences

The Authority properly tracks vacation hours that will require a future payment and records a liability for such future costs. The policy according to the Personnel Handbook is to limit unused vacation hours to 150 hours and comp time up to 20 hours. At least 20% of the employees for which an accrual was required exceeded 150 vacation hours. We understand that extra hours can be approved for carryover; however, we suggest that this be the exception rather than the rule and that all approvals be documented in writing. We also note that requiring vacations to be taken as earned is an effective internal control that should be in place at the Authority.

2014 follow up – the Authority is in the process of addressing this issue by paying out some of the carryover balance before the end of calendar year 2014 and placing a strict cut off on carryover balances going forward.

Management's response: Effective with the 2015 fiscal year vacation accruals, the Authority will strictly enforce the four week maximum carry-over, use or lose vacation policy which is currently part of MART's Personnel handbook. In order to remove the existing excess vacation liability, MART has instituted a one-time vacation buyback policy for employees that are over to the allowed four week carryover maximum.

Year End Financial Close Process

The prior year comment identified five major processes that needed to be completed on a more timely basis as follows:

- Implementing a new capital asset depreciation program and migrating information from the old system
- Reconciling capital assets to federal capital grant spending
- Determining internal costs to be charged to the MBTA grant
- · Examining consulting costs to determine whether they should be capitalized or expensed
- Obtaining, reconciling and recording vendor invoices

Four of the items were addressed prior to the start of the FY2013 audit fieldwork, and the capital asset software program was implemented in FY2014.

2014 follow up – the first item was accomplished during the audit process as noted above. Although the rest of the comments had been considered addressed in fiscal 2013, we note that in fiscal 2014 MBTA billings were not accomplished on a timely basis.

Management's response: The Authority will ensure that all future invoicing to the MBTA or any other agency for project management work will be accomplished in a timely manner.

Interim Financial Close Process

The Authority has developed an interim close process which was implemented at December 31, 2012 and for the quarters ended March 31, 2013 and June 30, 2013. Starting in July 2013, the Authority has begun closing its financial records on a monthly basis.

2014 follow up – as noted above, the interim financial close process lost some traction in FY14.

Management's response: During the 2015 fiscal year, MART is continuing to improve the financial close procedures, along with training and working structure with all departments. This involves cross-department integration with HR, Grants Management and Procurement.